Gretna, Louisiana

Special Purpose Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Reports As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2003

December 31, 2003



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Albert J. Robinson, Jr., CPA

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Gretna, Louisiana

Special Purpose Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Reports As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Under the provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of this report has been submitted to the Governor, to the Attorney General, and to other public officials as required by state law. A copy of this report has been made available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge and New Orleans offices of the Legislative Auditor.

December 31, 2003

Special Purpose Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Reports As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2003

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# OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

STATE OF LOUISIANA BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70804-9397

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December 15, 2003

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements

# COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH CIRCUIT STATE OF LOUISIANA

Gretna, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying special purpose (legal basis) financial statements of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit, a court within Louisiana state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of management of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in note 1-B to the financial statements, the accompanying special purpose financial statements present only the funds of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit. As such, they present the appropriated and non-appropriated activity of the court that are part of the accounts and fund structure of the State of Louisiana. The General Appropriation Fund reflects appropriated activity of the court that is part of the General Fund of the State of Louisiana. The non-appropriated fund is an individual fund of the State of Louisiana not subject to budgetary control. Furthermore, the special purpose financial statements have been prepared on a legal basis of accounting, the purpose of which is to reflect compliance with the annual appropriation act for the appropriated fund and the financial position of the non-appropriated fund. These procedures differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as described in the notes to the financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying special purpose financial statements are not intended to and do not present fairly the financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR**

## COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH CIRCUIT STATE OF LOUISIANA

Audit Report, June 30, 2003

In our opinion, the accompanying special purpose financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the balances within the appropriated and non-appropriated funds of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit at June 30, 2003, and the transactions of such funds for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in note 1-D.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 15, 2003, on our consideration of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain laws and regulations. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit and its management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Grover C. Austin, CPA

First Assistant Legislative Auditor

FWM:JR:PEP:ss

[5CCA03]

### COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH CIRCUIT STATE OF LOUISIANA ALL APPROPRIATED AND NON-APPROPRIATED FUNDS

### Balance Sheet (Legal Basis), June 30, 2003

	APPROPRIATED	NON-	
	FUND -	APPROPRIATED	TOTAL
	GENERAL	FUND -	(MEMORANDUM
	APPROPRIATION	FEE ACCOUNT	ONLY)
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$22,243	\$292,498	\$314,741
Receivables (note 3)	4,303	25,775	30,078
Prepaid items	22,018	3,145	25,163
TOTAL ASSETS	\$48,564	\$321,418	\$369,982
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
Liabilities - accounts payable	\$4,544		\$4,544
Fund Equity - fund balances - reserved (note 8)	44,020	\$321,418	365,438
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$48,564	\$321,418	\$369,982

### COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH CIRCUIT STATE OF LOUISIANA ALL APPROPRIATED AND NON-APPROPRIATED FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Legal Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	APPROPRIATED FUND - GENERAL APPROPRIATION	NON- APPROPRIATED FUND - FEE ACCOUNT	TOTAL (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
REVENUES			
Filing fees		\$288,153	\$288,153
Use of money and property - interest earnings	\$2,524	3,252	5,776
Total revenues	2,524	291,405	293,929
EXPENDITURES			
Appropriated expenditures:			
Personal services	3,023,610	153,863	3,177,473
Professional services	54,039	9,351	63,390
Travel and conventions	63,884	3,940	67,824
Operating supplies and services	442,333	1,614	443,947
Capital outlay	141,719		141,719
Association dues		2,168	2,168
Non-appropriated expenditures -			
Judges' Supplemental Compensation Fund		8,927	8,927
Total expenditures	3,725,585	179,863	3,905,448
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,723,061)	111,542	(3,611,519)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (Uses)			
Operating transfers in	14,457		14,457
Operating transfers out	, -	(14,457)	(14,457)
Transfers from Supreme Court	3,730,332	( , ,	3,730,332
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,744,789	(14,457)	3,730,332
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER			
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	04	07.00-	440.615
AND OTHER USES	21,728	97,085	118,813
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	22,292	224,333	246,625
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$44,020	\$321,418	\$365,438

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2003

#### INTRODUCTION

The Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit is a part of the State of Louisiana reporting entity, within the judicial branch of government. The court is provided for in Article V, Sections 8 through 13 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 and Sections 311 through 392 of Title 13 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950. The court's operations are funded through an annual lapsing appropriation made by the Louisiana Legislature and from self-generated revenues authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 13:352. In addition to the fees mandated by R.S. 13:352 relative to appeals, applications for writs, motions filed on unlodged appeals and answers to appeals, the court, in compliance with Act 63 of the 1985 Session of the Louisiana Legislature and in conformity with the Judges' Supplemental Compensation Fund, charges an additional fee of \$17. The total amount collected in connection with the Judges' Supplemental Compensation Fund is remitted to the Judicial Administrator's Office of the Supreme Court of Louisiana.

The Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit has appellate jurisdiction as authorized under Article V, Section 5 of the Louisiana Constitution, which encompasses the parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. James, and St. John the Baptist. The Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit has supervisory jurisdiction, subject to the general supervisory jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, over all lower courts in all cases in which an appeal would extend to the court of appeal. The Fifth Circuit is domiciled in Gretna, Louisiana, and has eight judges and 53 other employees.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) promulgates accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and reporting standards for state and local governments. These principles are found in the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, published by the GASB. However, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a legal basis, which differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as explained in the following notes.

### B. REPORTING ENTITY

GASB Codification Section 2100 has defined the governmental reporting entity to be the State of Louisiana. The court is considered within the State of Louisiana reporting entity because the state exercises oversight responsibility and has accountability for fiscal matters as follows: (1) the state has control and exercises authority over budget matters; (2) state appropriations provide the largest percentage of total revenues; and (3) the court primarily serves state residents. The accompanying financial statements present information only as to the transactions of the court.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The accompanying financial statements represent activity of the court within the judicial branch of state government and, therefore, are a part of the fund structure of the State of Louisiana and its basic financial statements. Annually, the State of Louisiana issues basic financial statements, which are audited by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

#### C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit uses fund accounting, along appropriation lines, to reflect its compliance with provisions of the annual appropriation act and to reflect the financial position and results of operations of its non-appropriated funds. This differs from the fund accounting of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America where the intent is to measure the financial position and results of operations of the governmental reporting entity as a whole. Therefore, the funds within the accompanying financial statements have been divided between appropriated and non-appropriated funds and not by the conventional fund types of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The funds do not include any noncurrent assets or liabilities. Noncurrent assets, fixed assets, and long-term liabilities are reflected in the State of Louisiana's basic financial statements.

The funds presented in the special purpose financial statements are described as follows:

### **General Appropriation Fund**

The General Appropriation Fund provides for the general administrative expenditures of the court.

#### Non-Appropriated Fund - Fee Account

The Fee Account is used to account for filing fees and other revenues received by the court as provided by R.S. 13:352. Expenditures incurred in excess of the amount appropriated by the legislature (General Appropriation Fund) are funded from this account.

#### D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The funds in the accompanying financial statements measure the resources provided by the legislature to fund current-year expenditures and the use of those resources by the court. This differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in which the measurement focus would be to measure the flow of current resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accompanying financial statements reflect revenues and expenditures in accordance with applicable statutory provisions and regulations of the Judicial Budgetary Control Board.

Under the foregoing legal provisions, the court uses the following practices in recognizing revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Self-generated revenues, including interest income on deposits, are recorded when earned.

### **Expenditures**

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Furthermore, any expenditure of a long-term nature for which funds have not been appropriated during the current year is not recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) in the year the court is authorized to receive or make the transfers. In addition, transfers from the Supreme Court are included on the financial statements as other financing sources. The transfer from the Supreme Court is the portion of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit's state General Fund appropriation, which is recognized in the amount appropriated, to the extent withdrawn from the state treasury.

#### E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law, the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Interim Emergency Board. Furthermore, the court may invest in time certificates of deposit in state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal offices in the State of Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### F. PREPAID ITEMS

The court establishes prepaid expenditures for membership dues, insurance, and maintenance agreements. Payments made for such items will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2003.

#### G. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The court is not allowed by statute to incur bonded indebtedness and, therefore, no recognition within the accompanying financial statements is necessary. Furthermore, any long-term obligations of the court arising from lease commitments, judgments, compensated absences, or any other sources are not recognized in the accompanying special purpose financial statements.

#### H. BUDGET PRACTICES

The general appropriation made for the operations of the court is an annual lapsing appropriation and is recorded in the appropriated fund. As provided by Act 53 of 2002, any funds therein allocated to the judiciary, any portion of the funds previously appropriated to the judiciary, or interest earnings on such appropriations are thereby appropriated and may be used to defray expense of the judiciary. All funds remaining unexpended and/or unencumbered must be returned to the state General Fund on or before September 1 of the succeeding fiscal year. However, Act 54 of 2003 reappropriated these funds to defray expenses of the judiciary for fiscal year 2003-2004, thereby eliminating the requirement to return the unexpended/unencumbered portion to the state General Fund on or before September 1.

The accompanying financial statements do not present a budgetary comparison because the appropriated fund is budgeted in lump sum and the non-appropriated fund is not subject to budgetary control. As provided by Act 53 of 2002, the Judicial Budgetary Control Board approved an original appropriation of \$3,730,332. The appropriation act also appropriates to the court any interest that it earns. There were no budget amendments.

#### I. JUDGES' SALARIES

The salaries of the judges are paid directly by the Supreme Court of Louisiana with warrants drawn on the state treasury and are not included in the expenditures of the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### J. LEAVE BENEFITS

Law clerks and secretaries employed by a particular judge are employees of that judge. As such, they are subject to the leave benefit guidelines set forth by that particular judge. The clerk of court and central staff director are subject to the guidelines of the chief judge.

Employees for the clerk of court's office and the central staff employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates, depending on their years of service. The amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused annual leave at the employee's current hourly rate of pay. Payment of monetary compensation for sick leave upon termination is not permitted. Act 343 of 1993 allows members of the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System, upon application for retirement, the option of receiving an actuarially determined lump sum payment for annual and sick leave which would otherwise have been used to compute years of service for retirement.

The liability for unused leave payable at June 30, 2003, computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Section C60, is estimated at \$120,697. The leave payable is not recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

#### K. TOTAL COLUMNS ON STATEMENTS

The total columns on the statements are captioned Memorandum Only (overview) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations. Neither are such data comparable to a consolidation.

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit has cash and cash equivalents totaling \$314,741 at June 30, 2003. Deposits in bank accounts are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These pledged securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank in the form of safekeeping receipts held in the court's name. The deposits (book cash) at June 30, 2003, consist of demand deposits totaling \$214,741 and certificates of deposit totaling \$100,000. Collected bank balances (bank cash) totaling \$481,648 are fully secured by federal deposit insurance (GASB Risk Category 1).

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 3. RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2003:

	Appropriated Fund - General	Non- Appropriated Fund -	
	Appropriation	Fee Account	Total
Due from travel reimbursements	\$4,303		\$4,303
Filing fees		\$25,250	25,250
Copy fees		525	525
Total	\$4,303	\$25,775	\$30,078

#### 4. PENSION PLANS

Substantially all employees of the court are members of the Louisiana Clerks Retirement and Relief Fund (LCRRF) and the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System (LASERS). The LCRRF and LASERS are statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Both plans provide retirement, disability, and survivor's benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Generally, full-time employees are eligible to participate in the retirement systems, with employee benefits vesting after 10 years of service. The systems issue annual publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information for the systems. The reports may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks Retirement and Relief Fund, 11745 Bricksome Avenue, Suite B1, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816, or by calling (225) 293-1162, and/or the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System, Post Office Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804, or by calling (225) 922-0600. Benefits granted by LASERS are guaranteed by the State of Louisiana by provisions of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the court are established and may be amended by the state legislature. The legislature annually sets the required employer contribution rate equal to the actuarially required employer contribution as set forth in R.S. 11:102. Employees contribute 8.25% (LCRRF) and 7.5% (LASERS) of covered salaries. The court is required to contribute 10% of covered salaries to LCRRF and 14.1% of covered salaries to LASERS. The court's employer contributions to LCRRF for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$67,181, \$63,481, and \$49,852, respectively, and to LASERS for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$215,117, \$198,621, and \$209,939, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year for each retirement system.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

## 5. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

The court provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. Substantially all of the court's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the court. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the court. The court recognized the cost of providing these benefits (court's portion of premiums) as an expenditure when paid during the year, which totaled \$222,334 for the year ended June 30, 2003. The court's costs of providing retiree health care and life insurance benefits are recognized as expenditures when the monthly premiums are paid. For the year ended June 30, 2003, the cost of retiree benefits for 13 retirees totaled \$53,631, which was paid with state appropriated funds.

### 6. JUDGMENTS, CLAIMS, AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

Obligations and losses arising from judgments, claims, and similar contingencies are paid through the state's self-insurance fund or the state General Fund and are not reflected in the accompanying special purpose financial statements. The self-insurance fund is operated by the Office of Risk Management, the state agency responsible for the state's self-insurance program.

#### 7. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The court has no capital lease agreements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

Operating leases are all leases that do not meet the criteria of a capital lease. The annual rental payments for noncancellable operating leases during the next five fiscal years are presented in the following schedule:

		Fiscal Year			
Nature of lease	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Equipment	\$21,417	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE

Lease agreements have non-appropriation exculpatory clauses that allow for lease cancellation if the legislature does not make an appropriation for its continuation during any future fiscal period. Total operating lease expenditures for fiscal year 2002-2003 amounted to \$22,240.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Concluded)

#### 8. RESERVED FUND BALANCES

The Appropriated Fund - General Appropriation has a reserved fund balance totaling \$44,020. This reservation consists of \$22,018 reserved for prepaid expenses, and \$22,002, which may be retained and used to defray the expenditures of the court as allowed by Act 54 of 2003.

The Non-Appropriated Fund - Fee Account has a reserved fund balance totaling \$321,418 that is reserved for continuing operations and may be retained and used to defray expenditures of the court as prescribed by R.S. 13:352.

#### 9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Certain employees of the court participate in the Louisiana Deferred Compensation Plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to this statewide plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

#### 10. SUPPLEMENTAL INSURANCES

Certain employees of the court have authorized payroll deductions for supplemental insurances through Colonial Life & Accident Insurance Company. These deductions are pre-taxable and are handled through the guidelines of the Flexible Benefits Plan under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### OTHER REPORT REQUIRED BY

#### **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The following pages contain a report on compliance with laws and regulations and on internal control over financial reporting as required by *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. This report is based solely on the audit of the financial statements and includes, where appropriate, any reportable conditions and/or material weaknesses in internal control or compliance matters that would be material to the presented financial statements.



# OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

STATE OF LOUISIANA BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70804-9397

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December 15, 2003

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting Based on an Audit of the Special Purpose Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

# COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH CIRCUIT STATE OF LOUISIANA

Gretna, Louisiana

We have audited the special purpose (legal basis) financial statements of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit's special purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported herein under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the special purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the court's internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR**

# COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH CIRCUIT STATE OF LOUISIANA

Compliance and Internal Control Report December 15, 2003 Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Court of Appeal, Fifth Circuit and its management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Grover C. Austin, CPA

First Assistant Legislative Auditor

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[5CCA03]